

Barber County

Estimated Economic Impact of Agriculture, Food, and Food Processing Sectors 5/24/2016

Using the most recent IMPLAN data available (2014) adjusted for 2016, 14 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors were analyzed to determine their overall contribution to the Barber County economy.¹

These 14 sectors have a total direct output of approximately \$101.6 million and support 460.3 jobs in Barber County. Running the model for all 14 sectors simultaneously produces the following results:

Agriculture, Food, and Food Processing Sector Contribution to Overall Barber Economy								
Impact Type ²	Employment	% Employment	Total Value Added ³	Total Value Added % of Gross Regional Product ⁴	Output ⁵	Output % of Gross Regional Product		
Direct Effect	460.3	12.67%	\$45,546,160.75	17.94%	\$101,601,996.24	40.03%		
Indirect Effect	98.7	2.72%	\$5,768,418.86	2.27%	\$11,798,943.77	4.65%		
Induced Effect	47.9	1.32%	\$3,109,089.86	1.22%	\$5,943,987.01	2.34%		
Total Effect	607.0	16.71%	\$54,423,669.47	21.44%	\$119,344,927.03	47.02%		

As shown in the above table, agriculture, food, and food processing sectors support 607.0 jobs, or 16.71% of the entire workforce in the county. These sectors provide a total economic contribution of approximately \$119.3 million, roughly 47.02% of the economy.

Another metric used to calculate the importance of sectors in an economy is their value added as a percentage of GRP. Total value added by the 14 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors is approximately \$54.4 million, or 21.44% of the GRP. This indicates that personal income, business income, and taxes generated by these sectors account for 21.44% of the total economy.

The following tables document the overall summary numbers of the model, top industries affected by employment and output, and a listing of all industries that were analyzed.

3 Value added = labor income + indirect business taxes + other property type income.

4 GRP = final demand of households + governments expenditures + capital + exports - imports - institutional sales.

5 Output = intermediate inputs + value added.

¹ Article on building a contribution analysis in IMPLAN that avoids double counting: http://www.implan.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=660%3A660&catid=253%3AKB33&Itemid=70

² Direct, indirect, and induced effects sum together to estimate the total economic contribution in the state. **Direct effects** capture the contribution from agricultural and food products. **Indirect effects** capture the economic benefit from farms and agricultural businesses purchasing inputs from supporting industries within the state. **Induced effects** capture the benefits created when employees of farms, agricultural businesses, and the supporting industries spend their wages on goods and services within the state.

In the top ten agriculture, food, and food processing sectors by employment, the beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming sector is the top employer with **347.2 employees**. This table also shows the amount of jobs that are created by the agriculture industry in Barber County.

Top Ten Sectors by Employment					
Sector	Total Employment	Total Output			
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	347.2	\$62,723,567.83			
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	60.9	\$3,904,385.71			
Grain farming	38.9	\$22,322,430.43			
All other crop farming	36.3	\$4,415,322.93			
Landscape and horticultural services	14.4	\$374,876.01			
Real estate	9.1	\$701,888.44			
Wholesale trade	6.7	\$1,345,185.30			
Child day care services	5.6	\$108,765.77			
Limited-service restaurants	5.5	\$373,787.77			
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	5.2	\$700,626.60			

The beef, cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming sector directly contributes approximately **\$62.7 million** to the Barber County economy. The table below also shows the amount of revenue that is generated in other industries by having a strong agriculture industry..

Top Ten Sectors by Output					
Sector	Total Employment	Total Output			
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	347.2	\$62,723,567.83			
Grain farming	38.9	\$22,322,430.43			
Oilseed farming	2.6	\$4,726,401.49			
All other crop farming	36.3	\$4,415,322.93			
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	60.9	\$3,904,385.71			
Petroleum refineries	0.4	\$3,041,907.35			
Owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	\$1,889,491.44			
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	2.9	\$1,722,220.34			
Dairy cattle and milk production	3.5	\$1,619,266.63			
Poultry and egg production	1.4	\$1,359,961.98			

Below is a summary of all agriculture data with employment levels and output level. These values can tell how many jobs are represented by each agriculture, food, and food processing sector and the output they contributed to the Barber County economy.

All Agriculture, Food, and Food Processing Sectors				
Sector	Total Employment	Total Output		
Oilseed farming	2.6	\$4,726,401.49		
Grain farming	38.9	\$22,322,430.43		
Cotton farming	1.3	\$372,381.70		
All other crop farming	36.3	\$4,415,322.93		
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	347.2	\$62,723,567.83		
Dairy cattle and milk production	3.5	\$1,619,266.63		
Poultry and egg production	1.4	\$1,359,961.98		
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	3.4	\$556,581.02		
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	2.9	\$1,722,220.34		
Bread and bakery product, except frozen, manufacturing	2.9	\$369,587.88		
Frozen cakes and other pastries manufacturing	0.2	\$23,724.22		
Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	0.8	\$458,631.44		
Veterinary services	4.7	\$557,042.33		
Landscape and horticultural services	14.4	\$374,876.01		

All 105 counties in Kansas have an IMPLAN model and an agriculture, food, and food processing contribution summary. These values do not factor in the retail environment of food sales. Food retail is important, but in order to provide the most accurate picture of what production agricultural and processing contributes to Barber, the retail sector was omitted.